

HUERTA'S FINAL REPLY ON WAY

Lind's Departure for Vera
Cruz Is His Last
Warning.

DELAY IS AT AN END

Gambao Hints He Expects
Mr. Wilson to Read
Message To-day.

HUERTA TO QUIT, IS RUMOR

Vera Cruz Hears That Trevino
Is Returning to Take
His Place.

Special Cable Despatches to The Sun.
MEXICO CITY, Aug. 26.—John Lind, special envoy of President Wilson, left here this morning. Before he left the Mexican Government drew up another note addressed to him. Senor Federico Gambao, Minister of Foreign Affairs, said the note will be forwarded to Vera Cruz to-night, where it will be delivered to Lind. He refused to tell the contents of the note.

When asked if Lind intended to return to Mexico city Senor Gambao said: "I do not know; but if he returns we shall receive him with every courtesy and consideration."

There has been considerable excitement, said Senor Gambao, "regarding Mr. Lind's mission and the contents of the notes which have been exchanged between the two Governments, but up to the present moment there has been no reason for any alarm. Mexico has from the start endeavored to observe a conciliatory attitude, maintaining at the same time the dignity of the nation."

"When the President of the United States believes it opportune to submit to Congress a report on the status of the negotiations Mexico will be relieved of the tacit understanding which is imposed by practice in affairs of this sort that details of negotiations of this importance should not be published prematurely. Then, and only then, will Mexico make haste to communicate to the people in their entirety the collection of documents in the case up to that date."

The situation is far from being hopeless; it can only be called serious and it is therefore imperative that public opinion continue as it has done so far to be discreet and cautious since this is the best way to give powerful aid to the Government."

Americans Want to Stay.
The departure of Mr. Lind is the only subject of discussion among Americans here. The general opinion among them seems to be: "The American Government must be hanged, we will not get out. We have our business obligations to attend to, our contracts to carry out and our properties to protect. It cannot be possible that the American Congress will stand for such a proposition as that they should further expressions of protest against the mediation plan submitted by the United States Government are frequently heard among Americans here."

Government officials feel that the embargo on shipments of firearms across the frontier for all parties alike would be the best thing to do to recognize Gen. Huerta's rights as a ruler of Mexico, while the rebels get theirs from the United States with the exception of a few small shipments from Canada.

President Huerta has insisted upon Lind using the Presidential car on his journey to Vera Cruz, and Mrs. Lind invited friends to accompany them. Through some fault of an employee the car was not there and Lind went on the regular Pullman.

Paul Lefevre, the French Minister, denies receiving a cable from the French Government instructing him to make representations to the Mexican Government upholding the attitude of the United States. He said he had received only the same instructions as other legations here regarding the Mexican situation.

Lefevre was plainly exasperated at the publication of the announcement regarding the stand of the French Government.

Big Demonstration Ordered.
Secretary of the Interior Urrutia has sent a circular to all Governors of States and the jefe politicos of the Territories of Quintana Roo, Lower California and Tepic ordering them to prepare colossal military demonstrations for Independence Day, September 16. All able bodied men without distinction in all cities of the republic will be obliged to participate.

The Government will immediately send military instructors and arms to the State authorities. The Governors and jefe politicos will be required to send to the Federal Government a list of all individuals participating in the parades so as to have an idea of the number of men available for military service.

Vera Cruz, Aug. 26.—John Lind, President Wilson's special envoy, and Mrs. Lind arrived here to-night from Mexico city. They were met at the station by Rear Admiral Fletcher, commander of the American squadron in Mexican waters.

Mr. Lind refused absolutely to discuss the success or failure of his mission. He is stopping at the Terminal Hotel, where he will remain over night, and early to-morrow morning will hold a consultation with wireless with Washington from the battleship Louisiana.

The general impression here is that Gen. Trevino's sudden return to Mexico at the request of Gen. Huerta signifies that the provisional President will resign and will take the field against the rebels. The nomination of Gen. Trevino would be

TO LOOK UP ELLIS ISLAND FOOD.

Three Investigators Will Find Out
What Immigrants Eat.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—Secretary Wilson appointed to-day a special board of inquiry to investigate conditions at Ellis Island as the result of complaints made to the Department of Labor concerning the food supplied to immigrants. This board is made up of Richard H. Taylor, Immigration Inspector of this city; James L. Hughes, Assistant Commissioner of Immigration at Philadelphia, and P. L. Prentiss, Immigration Inspector at Chicago.

The contractors who furnish food to immigrants had their contract renewed recently and Department officials think it strange that the same persons had the contracts for four years that complaints should crop out now. But, it is said, to be on the safe side the investigation was decided on.

The Ellis Island Immigration station for ten or fifteen years has been considered the ideal one of the service, and immigration officials believe that some of the most efficient organizations which have designated themselves as guardians and sponsors for incoming immigrants and as advisory bodies for the Department itself are responsible for the complaints.

GOES TO SMUGGLER'S AID; IS CAUGHT TOO

Woman on Liner Had Hidden
Jewelry—Father-in-law Admits Old Guilt.

Morris Lieberman, a manufacturer of bed springs in Chicago, returned yesterday with his wife from a visit to Germany by the North German Lloyd liner Rhein, with a bale of goods which interested acting Deputy Surveyor Isaac Harris. He asked that the bale be opened, and Lieberman objected.

Then, of course, it was opened. Inside were found two Russian sable skins, from which Mrs. Lieberman expected to make a fine fur coat, and four silver candlesticks. A search of Mrs. Lieberman's clothing brought forth two silver cigar cases and two silver cigarette holders. Mrs. Lieberman transferred the cigarette holders from her stocking to the inside of an umbrella on the fly, but she was observed by an inspector. She also had under a glove a diamond ring. All the articles were seized and the Liebermans were taken to the Custom House to explain to Surveyor Henry. They will continue the explanation to-day.

Mrs. Morris Lieberman of 731 South Fourth street, Philadelphia, also got into trouble for bringing in undeclared dutiable things by the Rhein. She had sewed to her underclothing a lot of handmade lace, and had concealed in her dress a coral necklace, a man's gold watch, a ruby bar pin and a bracelet watch.

She was accompanied by her mother-in-law, Mrs. Benjamin Breier of 1925 North Thirty-second street, Philadelphia. Mr. Breier met her at the pier and, with his young son, went with her to the Custom House to help her face the Special Deputy Surveyor George J. Smyth.

Breier and his son waited in the ante-room while the examination of Mrs. Lieberman was going on. Later Breier was called in and asked what he had done with a gold watch that he brought abroad in November and which he had not declared when he landed here.

The customs sleuths on the other side had a record of Breier's purchase, but the sleuths on this side were unable to find it when he brought it in. The boy was also called before Mr. Smyth. Father and son finally admitted that the watch was then in the pocket of the son. He gave it up fearfully. His father had presented it to him as a Christmas gift.

Mrs. Lieberman and Breier will undergo more examination to-day.

LONDON MAY HAVE BIG STRIKE.

200,000 Men Involved in Building
Trades Labor Trouble.

Special Cable Despatch to The Sun.
LONDON, Aug. 26.—The electricians of the Government's Department of Works went on strike to-day because of the employment of non-union painters at the Admiralty and their action threatens now to extend in many directions and may end in a general strike of the building trades which would involve 200,000 men.

The decorating work on the Admiralty, the War Office, the Premier's residence and other Government buildings has already stopped and the fountains at Trafalgar Square and the Queen Victoria Memorial are not working. The work of putting new front on Buckingham Palace has not as yet been affected, but it is expected that it will be stopped unless a quick settlement is reached.

The veterans at Chelsea Hospital, the Old Soldiers' Home of London, went without food for several hours to-day because of the strike of the electricians, and it was not until Earl Beauchamp, First Commissioner of Works, appeared to the leaders that the engineers consented to heat the ovens so as to supply bread to the veterans. The culinary departments of all the civil service institutions were placed in a similar plight.

KAISER ADMIRES NEW GEM.

"Heliolore" Changes Its Color in
Artificial Light.

Berlin, Aug. 26.—Heliolore, the new gem which was recently discovered in the German African colonies, will be the vogue among fashionable people, because the Kaiser has just expressed his admiration for it. The new gem resembles the Alexandrite and is peculiar in that it changes its color from golden yellow in the daylight to green in artificial light.

Emperor William was so struck with the beauty of this gem that he ordered several stones set with pearls and diamonds in the form of a cross as a gift for the Kaiserin. The latter, who shares the Emperor's admiration for the gem, ordered a heliolore ring for her husband.

Continued on Third Page.

SULZER HOPES FOR AID FROM STILWELL

Convicted Briber Holding Out
for a Pardon, Is the Re-
port in Albany.

WIRES TO LEGISLATORS

Additional Articles of Impeachment
May Come This
Week.

ALBANY, Aug. 26.—Telegrams were sent to-day to all Senators and Assemblymen to be on hand promptly when the Legislature reconvenes to-morrow night.

If additional articles of impeachment against Gov. Sulzer are to be presented so as not to delay the work of the court of impeachment when it meets September 18 they must be adopted by the Assembly this week so that twenty days notice to Gov. Sulzer will elapse before the convening of the court.

The presence of John A. Hennessy, Gov. Sulzer's political manager, at Sing Sing prison yesterday recalls the fact that Warden Clancy of Sing Sing was appointed through Gov. Sulzer's influence on Mr. Hennessy's advice. The announcement that Mr. Hennessy had a long talk with ex-Senator Stephen J. Stillwell brought out the further fact that Judge Lynn J. Arnold motored to Sing Sing prison from Albany one night last week and lost his way and did not reach the prison until the early hours of the morning.

It is said that a Col. Amory of New York city brought Gov. Sulzer a letter from Stillwell saying that he could be of service to Sulzer in fighting the impeachment proceedings if a pardon was forthcoming first. Warden Clancy was notified from Albany that Judge Arnold would be there to see Stillwell. The upshot of the conference was that Stillwell told there would be no pardon until after a confession and Stillwell insisted there would be no confession except following a pardon.

Then followed Hennessy's visit to Stillwell yesterday and some of Gov. Sulzer's friends declared to-night that there would be "something doing" with Stillwell.

Col. Joseph F. Scott, who was removed as State Superintendent of Prisons by Gov. Sulzer, is back in Albany with his former secretary, John C. McDowell. Col. Scott purposes to find out the source of one of the charges which Gov. Sulzer whispered to Col. Scott's friends, and Gov. Sulzer's friends have been trying to convince Col. Scott that Assemblyman Aaron J. Levy was responsible for the stories.

Both the acting and the impeached Governor spent an uninteresting day from an official viewpoint. Col. Scott had a long talk with acting Gov. Glynn. He came to Albany from his farm, near Shelburne, Vt. He said he would not talk about his visit until later.

CHARGES GO TO WHITMAN.

Arnold Says Evidence Warrants In-
dictment of Murphy and Levy.

LYNN J. Arnold, Gov. Sulzer's news-paper adviser, expects to lay before District Attorney Whitman this morning evidence which Judge Arnold expects will warrant the indictment of Charles F. Murphy, Assemblyman Aaron J. Levy and Senator James J. Frawley.

"Some persons," Judge Arnold said at the Union League Club yesterday afternoon, "seem to think that I am bluffing when I say that he is hence against these men, but the truth will appear soon. The evidence is in my possession and it will be given to the District Attorney. It must be delivered into his own hands. For that reason I have stayed in the city and will stay until he returns from Bretton Woods."

This was said before Judge Arnold learned that Mr. Whitman was expected back from New Hampshire last night. It was said later at the Criminal Courts Building that Mr. Arnold had an engagement to meet the District Attorney this morning. It is understood that the Sulzer publicist thinks that he has clinching revelations as to Mr. Frawley and Mr. Levy to submit to the Grand Jury, but is not so sure about Mr. Murphy. The alleged complaint against Mr. Murphy is that he "ordered" the Assembly to impeach Gov. Sulzer in violation of the Penal Law.

District Attorney Whitman had a long talk with Judge Arnold last week. Judge Arnold displayed all the "evidence" he had up to that time. It is understood that Mr. Whitman saw nothing in it on which he would ask for an indictment.

Judge Arnold has other material to show to Mr. Whitman to-day. Part of it will be related to his charge that the impeachment of Gov. Sulzer was decided upon by Charles F. Murphy at a meeting in Delmonico's last May. Judge Arnold will try to prove that Patrick E. McCabe of Albany was "ordered" to fire the first gun, and that Mr. McCabe did so by springing his charge, since refuted, that the Governor was indicted for perjury in Vermont.

Yesterday morning Judge Arnold, whose pursuit of Tammany leaders was disclaimed by D. Cadogan Herrick, secretary of Gov. Sulzer's legal defense, did a little repudiating himself. He said that his paper, the Knickerbocker Press, "is not responsible for the hysterics of one James C. Garrison." The Sulzer-Hennessy employees, who charged that four votes for impeachment were bought, in a formal statement, Mr. Arnold complained that position of the Knickerbocker Press "in the present fight against graft and corruption in public life is not clearly understood in New York city."

"The Knickerbocker Press," he went on, "is not making its present fight for Gov. William Sulzer. He is a mere incident in the fight. The fight is being made to oust grafters from public office and to aid the proper officials by placing in their hands the evidence which is daily coming to the Knickerbocker Press and its officers. It is advised that the evidence now in the possession of its officers is sufficient to indict Charles F. Murphy."

Continued on Second Page.

LAY BY DEAD HUSBAND'S SIDE.

Mrs. Sharp Looked Up on Charge
of Homicide.

Joseph Sharp, who had been employed as a steward in a Manhattan restaurant pending the settlement of the estate left by his parents in New Orleans, was found dead with his throat cut last night in a furnished room at 142 West Eighty-third street.

His wife, Mae, was found by detectives from the West Sixty-eighth street station by her husband's side clad only in her underclothes and covered with blood. Mrs. Sharp was locked up on a charge of homicide.

Mrs. Sharp, who is tall, brown haired and comely, said that she and her husband returned to their room early yesterday morning from an outing at Rockaway Beach and that they slept late. She said that her husband arose and went out, leaving her in bed. She said he came back shortly armed with an ice pick, a flatiron and a hatchet and attacked her, jabbing her with the sharp instruments and beating her with the flatiron. She got away and when she came back her husband was standing before the dresser with some sharp instrument in his hand and with blood flowing from a gash in his throat.

Mrs. Sharp said she dragged her husband to the bed, laid him down, and his eyes and folded his arms across his chest. "This was the way the police and the ambulance surgeon from the Poly-clinic Hospital found the man when they went into the room."

Mrs. Sharp told the detectives that she was married five years ago in Boston and that she and her husband came to New York two years ago.

FIVE DIE WHEN TRAIN CRASHES INTO AUTO

Family Swept to Death by Penn-
sylvania Special With
Officials Aboard.

PITTSBURGH, Aug. 26.—Five persons lost their lives, three being killed instantly, this afternoon when a special train in which were General Superintendent of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, L. O'Donnell and other officials of the railroad company struck an automobile at Lane Crossing, Lanesville, on the Butler branch of the West Pennsylvania Railroad one-half mile east of Butler Junction.

The dead are J. E. Rowan of Brackenridge, his wife and daughter, aged 3½ years; their son, aged 1 year, and Mrs. Sara A. Smith of Bridgewater.

Rowan and his family had left their home about half an hour before the accident for a pleasure ride.

The special train was taking the railroad officials on an inspection trip. It was composed of a locomotive and three passenger coaches.

The automobile was struck and then backed down the track toward Butler Junction. The train and the automobile reached the crossing simultaneously. The machine was struck and carried down the track for seventy-five feet before the engine driver could stop his train.

Rowan, his wife and daughter were killed instantly.

Miss Smith and Rowan's son were so injured that they died two hours later. The occupants of the special car were uninjured.

Rowan was a roller in the Interstate Mill of the Allegheny Steel Company. General Superintendent O'Donnell in speaking of the wreck said:

"The engineer on our train was powerless to prevent the accident. I understand that a person driving an automobile down the track to the crossing is unable to see a train until he is almost on the track."

HAWKER IS HALF WAY AROUND.

Aviator Must End Trip To-morrow
Morning to Win \$25,000.

Special Cable Despatch to The Sun.
LONDON, Aug. 26.—Harry G. Hawker, the aviator who started for a 1,600 mile flight around the English and Scotch coasts from Southampton in a hydro-aeroplane on Monday morning, continued his journey to-day and reached Oban on the west coast of Scotland this evening.

He will remain there for the night and will start again early to-morrow morning.

The aviator hoped to be able to reach the Irish coast this evening, but falling wind eddies due to the mountains reduced his speed greatly while he was crossing Scotland and compelled him to stop at Oban. His total mileage for the day was 341 and his average speed per hour forty-five and one-half miles. He covered 495 miles yesterday, so that he is only a bit over half way through his journey, and he must be back at Southampton at 9:30 on Thursday morning in order to win the Daily Mail prize of \$25,000.

Hawker ascended at Beadnell at 6 o'clock this morning and started for Aberdeen, where he arrived at 11. He remained there fifty-five minutes and then flew toward Cromarty, the next control station. He arrived at Cromarty at five minutes after 2, having made 134 miles in 130 minutes. He took a short rest and then started around the northern end of Scotland for Oban on the west coast, where he remained for the night.

PAGE AT DUBLIN HORSE SHOW.

Many Other Americans Attend Open-
ing in Irish Capital.

Special Cable Despatch to The Sun.
DUBLIN, Aug. 26.—There was a great gathering of society people at the opening of the Horse Show here to-day. There were many Americans present, including Walter H. Page, the American Ambassador.

During the forenoon when the street cars were crowded 150 drivers and conductors went on strike and left the cars standing in the streets. The men had been threatening to strike for some days, but it seemed that the idea had been abandoned overnight. This was not true, however. A partial service was maintained throughout the day.

Continued on Second Page.

\$46,500,000 SENT TO BANKS BY U. S.

McAdoo Starts Movement of
Cash to 27 Western and
Southern States.

MANY CITIES SHARE IT

Committee in Each to Pass
Upon Commercial Paper
for Loans.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo announced to-day the appointment thus far completed of the allotment of the \$50,000,000 fund offered to the banks in the South, West and Southwest to facilitate the general crop movement incident to the harvest.

The total amount allotted to date is \$46,500,000, of which \$24,700,000 has been apportioned to the fourteen Western States and \$21,800,000 to the thirteen Southern States and the District of Columbia.

Secretary McAdoo said the funds are deposited in the banks in the South and West at this time because it is believed there is a special demand for the money to assist in marketing the crops, which are now being harvested in these particular sections, but that if in the East or elsewhere it should be shown that there is need for the temporary use of funds for similar legitimate purposes the Government will be quite ready to extend aid.

The money will be allowed to remain on deposit about four or five months, all to be returned not later than April; deposits in the Southern States, which are given out first, to be returned first and in monthly instalments, beginning in December.

Committee on Paper.
In each depository city the Government has chosen a special representative who will serve with a clearing house committee of five to pass on all commercial paper recommended as security for deposits. All paper before being accepted must be unanimously recommended by this committee.

The following list shows the amount allotted to each State, the cities designated as depositories and the Government's representative selected in each city up to the present time:

Western States.
Colorado, \$1,000,000, Denver, Richard H. Matlock.

California, \$3,000,000, Los Angeles and San Francisco.
Illinois, \$4,000,000, Chicago, J. V. Farwell.

Indiana, \$1,050,000, Indianapolis, W. Boehme, Fort Wayne, William P. Green; Indianapolis, William L. Eider.
Iowa, \$1,000,000, Des Moines, Sioux City, Martin J. Wade.

Kansas, \$550,000, Kansas City and Wichita.
Minnesota, \$2,000,000, Minneapolis, P. M. Kerst; St. Paul, A. St. Peabody, and Duluth.

Missouri, \$5,000,000, Kansas City and St. Louis, E. C. Simmonds.
Nebraska, \$1,300,000, Omaha and Lincoln, A. S. Tibbets.

Oklahoma, \$750,000, Muskogee, Francis B. Fite; Oklahoma City, Hubert L. Bohn.
Ohio, \$2,100,000, Cincinnati, Franklin Alter; Cleveland, E. H. Baker; Columbus, Butler Sheldon.

Oregon, \$500,000, Portland, Henry Teal.
Washington, \$1,150,000, Seattle, Spokane, Daniel H. Drumheller.
Wisconsin, \$1,000,000, Milwaukee.

Southern States.
Alabama, \$1,500,000, Birmingham, E. M. Tutwiler, Mobile, Albert Bush; Montgomery, W. A. Gayle.

Arkansas, \$600,000, Little Rock, W. M. Kavanagh.
Florida, \$1,150,000, Jacksonville, Pensacola, J. M. McNeill; Tampa.

Georgia, \$1,700,000, Atlanta, J. K. Orr; Savannah, J. Randolph Anderson; Augusta, William H. Barrett; Macon, William H. Feltton.
Kentucky, \$1,650,000, Lexington, J. E. Cassidy; Louisville.

Louisiana, \$2,600,000, New Orleans, W. T. Hardie; Shreveport.
Maryland, \$2,800,000, Baltimore, William C. Page.

Mississippi, \$600,000, Jackson, W. Q. Case; Meridian, J. H. Wright; Vicksburg, P. M. Harding.

North Carolina, \$1,300,000, Charlotte, E. R. Preston; Greensboro, R. H. Kirk; Wilmington, Hugh McRae; Raleigh, Charles E. Johnson.

South Carolina, \$1,500,000, Charleston, Major Henry Schachte; Columbia, William H. Lytle; Greenville, Henry W. Brigg; Spartanburg, Augustus W. Smith.

Tennessee, \$1,550,000, Chattanooga, W. F. Kaib; Knoxville, Samuel H. Tutwiler; Memphis, Samuel P. Reed; Nashville, Joseph H. Thompson.

Texas, \$2,500,000, Dallas, Alexander Sanger; Fort Worth, Houston, Galveston, L. H. Kemper; San Antonio.
Virginia, \$1,450,000, Lynchburg, A. S. White; Norfolk, Walter H. Taylor; Richmond, E. L. Bemis; Roanoke.

District of Columbia, \$500,000, Washington, J. Selwin Tait.

Continued on Second Page.

SAILS THROUGH GATUN LAKE.

Dredge Is First Vessel to Go From
Panama to Banoislo.

Special Cable Despatch to The Sun.
PANAMA, Aug. 26.—A large section dredge was brought from Gatun dam to Banoislo through Gatun Lake to-day. This is the first large vessel to navigate the lake.

MRS. CARLEY ASKS DIVORCE.

Husband Is a Stock Broker and
Brother of Mrs. Oliver Harriman.

Frank C. Carley, a member of the New York Stock Exchange, who has an office with Harris, E. & Co., and is a brother of Mrs. Oliver Harriman, has been sued for divorce by Mrs. Irene King Carley. The suit was kept secret until yesterday. It was said that Mr. Carley would not defend the suit when it comes to trial in October.

Mrs. Carley accuses her husband of misconduct with a woman unknown to her at the Hotel Van Cortlandt in July last. She makes no request for alimony, but demands the custody of her seven-year-old son.

The family was living at 31 East Forty-ninth street until Mrs. Carley left her husband and brought her suit. Mr. Carley is a member of the Brook and Racquet and Tennis clubs. He is the son of Francis Dighton Carley, at one time president of the Standard Oil Company of Kentucky.

Frank C. Carley's sister Grace married Oliver Harriman and his sister Pearl is the wife of Dr. Charles W. Hargens of Hot Springs, S. D.

"ARSON SQUAD" AT WORK AGAIN

Militant Suffragettes Set Fire to
Country House Near London.

Special Cable Despatch to The Sun.
LONDON, Aug. 26.—It looks as though the militant suffragettes have determined to ignore Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst's advice to take a holiday for a while, for the "arson squad" broke loose again to-day. This morning they set fire to a fine old country house known as Friar Watch, in North Finchley, a suburb to the north of London. The house was occupied only by a caretaker, the family having gone away for the summer. The house was damaged to the extent of \$2,000.

The usual suffragette literature was found scattered about. No arrests have been made.

CARDINAL AT BABY SHOW.

Gibbons Will Review Parade of
Hundreds at Ashbury Park.

ASHBURY PARK, N. J., Aug. 26.—Among those who will review the baby parade here to-morrow will be Cardinal Gibbons, who is to be the guest of Martin Maloney at Spring Lake. The Cardinal will be accompanied by Bishop O'Connell of Washington.

When the entry list for the parade closed, 1,000 to-day 614 babies had been listed. The number last year was 725. It is figured by the carnival commission that the number in line will be greater than that of last year.

POLES BOYCOTT THE KAISER.

Refuse to Celebrate Emperor's Visit
to Posen.

Special Cable Despatch to The Sun.
POSEN, Aug. 26.—The Kaiser, accompanied by his five sons, arrived here to-day to review the Fifth Army Corps and attend various festivities commemorating Prussian unification. The German inhabitants received them enthusiastically as they passed through the decorated streets, but the bulk of the Poles held aloof from the celebration. They are resolutely determined not to recognize the occasion and will not decorate their homes with the national colors.

The windows of a Polish hotel which was decorated with flags were smashed and several Polish nobles who accepted the Kaiser's invitations to the ceremonies have been pilloried by the local newspapers for "kissing the hand which chastises them."

BOY DIES FOR HIS FRIEND.

Trick to Help Drowning Lad Ashore
and Both Sink.

Two boys were drowned yesterday afternoon while swimming in the East River. The number last year was 725. It is figured by the carnival commission that the number in line will be greater than that of last year.

The boys had been spending the day in the park near by and intended to swim all the afternoon. They had not been in the